$\qquad$

## I. Multiple Choice

$\qquad$ 1. Which is the solution of $x-1 \leq 3 x+7$ ?
(A) $x \leq-4$
(B) $x \leq 4$
(C) $x \geq-4$
(D) $x \geq 4$
$\qquad$ 2. If the discriminant of a quadratic equation is zero, then there
(A) are 2 imaginary roots
(B) is 1 rational root
(C) are 2 real roots
(D) is 1 imaginary root
$\qquad$ 3. Which is a factor of $y^{2}-y-12$ ?
(A) $\mathrm{y}-2$
(B) $\mathrm{y}-4$
(C) $y+6$
(D) $\mathrm{y}+12$
$\qquad$ 4. The $y$-intercept of $3 x+2 y=8$ is:
(A) 8
(B) 4
(C) 3
(D) 2
$\qquad$ 5. The parabola $f(x)=x-x^{2}$ has its axis of symmetry at
(A) $x=1 / 2$
(B) $x=-1$
(C) $x=1$
(D) $x=0$
$\qquad$ 6. Simplify the following expression: $\left(-4 a^{5}\right)^{3}$
(A) $-4 a^{8}$
(B) $-4 a^{15}$
(C) $12 a^{8}$
(D) $-64 a^{15}$
$\qquad$ 7. A solution of the equation $x^{2}-9=0$ is
(A) 0
(B) -1
(C) -3
(D) 9
$\qquad$ 8. The sum of the roots of the equation $3 x^{2}-5 x+2=0$ is
(A) -5
(B) 2
(C) $\frac{5}{3}$
(D) $\frac{2}{3}$
$\qquad$ 9. What is the solution of the equation $2 x^{2}-20=0$ ?
(A) $\sqrt{5}$ and $-\sqrt{5}$
(C) $\sqrt{10}$ and $-\sqrt{10}$
(B) 5 and -5
(D) 10 and -10
$\qquad$ 10. Which is the equation of a line whose slope is undefined?
(A) $y=x$
(B) $\mathrm{y}=-5$
(C) $x=-5$
(D) $x+y=5$
II. Short Answer
$\qquad$ 11. The multiplicative inverse of 3 x is $\qquad$
12. Find the value of $x$ for which the expression $\frac{2}{x+5}$ is undefined.
$\qquad$ 13. What is the slope of a line whose equation is $y=7 x-5$ ?
$\qquad$ 14. Which fraction is equivalent to 0.090909 ?
$\qquad$ 15. Which property is illustrated? $3(4+5)=3(5+4)$
$\qquad$ 16. Use $<,=$, or $>$ to compare the numbers:
2.5 $\qquad$ 2.1
$\qquad$ 17. Evaluate the expression $\frac{6+5 \bullet 3}{6-4}$
$\qquad$ 18. Evaluate the expression $2 \bullet 5^{2}+3 \bullet 4$
$\qquad$ 19. Solve for $\mathrm{x}: \quad 10(\mathrm{x}-2)=27$
$\qquad$ 20. Solve for $y$ : $7 y+2(y-8)=20$

## III. Free Response SHOW ALL WORK!

21. Solve the equation $5 x^{2}-x-1=0$ and leave the answer in simplest
radical form. radical form.
22. Solve the following system of equations for $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}$, and z .

$$
\left\{\begin{array}{c}
2 x+2 y-3 z=-15 \\
4 x-y+2 z=14 \\
x-2 y+3 z=18
\end{array}\right.
$$

23. Factor completely: $a x^{2}-4 a+x^{2}-4$
$\qquad$ 24. If $s$ varies directly as $t$ and $s=15$ when $t=25$, find the value of $s$ when $t=10$.
$\qquad$ 25. Factor completely: $9 x^{3}-x$
$\qquad$ 26. The area of a rectangle is 48 square meters. Its length is 13 meters more than its width. Determine the dimensions of the rectangle. You must solve this by factoring to receive full credit.
$\qquad$ 27. Solve the following system of equations:

$$
\left\{\begin{array}{c}
2 x-5 y=18 \\
x+3 y=-2
\end{array}\right.
$$

28. Factor completely: $\quad 2 x^{3}+x^{2}-6 x$
29. If the line $y=k x-2$ has an $x$-intercept of 2 , what is the value of $k$ ?
$\qquad$ 30. Write the equation of the line which is parallel to $y=-6 x+7$ and passes through the origin.
IV. Multiple Choice
$\qquad$ 31. If $f(x)=|2 x-6|$, then $f(1)=$
(A) 4
(B) 8
(C) -8
(D) -4
30. What is the equation of the straight line that passes through the points $(-2,5)$ and $(-6,-3)$ ?
(A) $2 \mathrm{x}+7=0$
(C) $x-2 y=-12$
(D) $5 x+2 y=0$
(B) $2 x-y=-9$
31. Which is true for the domain of the function $y=\frac{x^{2}-9}{x-4}$ ?
(A) $x \neq-2$
(B) $x \neq 2$
(C) $x \neq 0$
(D) $x \neq 4$
$\qquad$ 34. Which is an equation of the axis of symmetry of the parabola whose equation is $y=-x^{2}+6 x+4$ ?
(A) $x=\frac{1}{12}$
(B) $x=-2$
(C) $x=3$
(D) $x=-3$
32. . The solution of the equation $|y-5|=2$ is
(A) $\mathrm{y}=7$
(B) $\mathrm{y}=3$
(C) $y=7$ and $y=-7$
(D) $y=7$ and $y=3$
$\qquad$ 36. In the system of equations,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{kx}+\mathrm{y}=7 \text { and } \\
& 2 \mathrm{x}-\mathrm{y}=3,
\end{aligned}
$$

there is no solution when $\boldsymbol{k}$ is equal to
(A) 5
(B) 2
(C) -2
(D) -5
$\qquad$ 37. A root of the equation $x^{4}-3 x^{2}-4=0$ is
(A) -1
(B) -4
(C) 0
(D) -2
$\qquad$ 38. The perimeter of a square is represented by $p$. What is the area of this square in terms of $p$ ?
(A) $\frac{p^{2}}{4}$
(B) $\frac{p^{2}}{16}$
(C) $4 p^{2}$
(D) $2 p^{2}$
$\qquad$ 39. Which value of $x$ satisfies the inequality $|x|+2<5$ ?
(A) -5
(B) -3
(C) -2
(D) 4
$\qquad$ 40. What is the solution of the inequality $3 x+1 \geq 11-2 x$ ?
(A) $x \geq 2$
(B) $x \leq-2$
(C) $x \geq-2$
(D) $x>0$
41. Which represents the solution of the inequality $|2 x-1|<9$ ?
(A) $-4<x<5$
(C) $x<5$
(B) $\mathrm{x}<-4$ or $\mathrm{x}>5$
(D) $x<-4$
$\qquad$ 42. Which of the following is not a function?
(A) $\{(1,2),(-2,2),(3,3)\}$
(B) $\{(1,2),(-2,6),(3,3)\}$
(C) $\{(2,2),(2,3),(4,3)\}$
(D) $\{(1,3),(2,3),(4,3)\}$
$\qquad$ 43. If $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=-3 \mathrm{x}+1$ and $g(x)=2 x^{2}$, which is the function $(f \circ g)(x)$ ?
(A) $(-3 \mathrm{x}+1)\left(2 \mathrm{x}^{2}\right)$
(B) $-6 x^{2}+1$
(C) $2(-3 x+1)^{2}$
(D) $-2(1-3 x)^{2}$
44. The product of a $2 x 3$ matrix and a $3 x 2$ matrix is
(A) a $2 \times 2$ matrix
(B) a 3x3 matrix
(C) a $2 \times 3$ matrix
(D) Can not be done
$\qquad$ 45. The identity matrix for a 2 x 2 matrix is:
A. $\left[\begin{array}{ll}0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0\end{array}\right]$
B. $\left[\begin{array}{ll}1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1\end{array}\right]$
C. $\left[\begin{array}{ll}1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1\end{array}\right]$
D. $\left[\begin{array}{ll}1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0\end{array}\right]$
_46. Which of the following could be used to find x in this system? $\left\{\begin{array}{l}3 x+8 y=13 \\ 5 x-3 y=11\end{array}\right.$
A. $\frac{\left|\begin{array}{cc}3 & 8 \\ 5 & -3\end{array}\right|}{\left|\begin{array}{cc}13 & 8 \\ 11 & -3\end{array}\right|}$
B. $\frac{\left|\begin{array}{cc}3 & 8 \\ 5 & -3\end{array}\right|}{\left|\begin{array}{cc}3 & 13 \\ 5 & 11\end{array}\right|}$
C. $\frac{\left|\begin{array}{cc}3 & 13 \\ 5 & 11\end{array}\right|}{\left|\begin{array}{cc}3 & 8 \\ 5 & -3\end{array}\right|}$
D. $\frac{\left|\begin{array}{cc}13 & 8 \\ 11 & -3\end{array}\right|}{\left|\begin{array}{cc}3 & 8 \\ 5 & -3\end{array}\right|}$
_ 47. Evaluate the determinant: $\left|\begin{array}{cc}3 & -7 \\ -4 & 9\end{array}\right|=$
(A) 23
(B) -1
(C) 1
(D) 55
$\qquad$ 48. Write in simplest radical form: $\sqrt{96}=$
A) $6 \sqrt{2}$
B) $4 \sqrt{6}$
C) $6 \sqrt{6}$
D) $4 \sqrt{3}$
$\qquad$ 49. What must be added to $x^{2}+10 x$ to complete the square?
A) 5
B) 25
C) 50
D) 100
$\qquad$ 50. Determine the values of $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$, and c for the quadratic equation

$$
3 x^{2}-5 x+6=0
$$

A) $a=3$
$b=-5$
c $=6$
B) $a=3$
$b=-5$
$\mathrm{c}=0$
C) $a=3$
$b=-5$
$\mathrm{c}=-6$
D) $a=1$
$\mathrm{b}=5$
c $=6$

## V. Free Response

$\qquad$ 51. What is the equation for the inverse of the function $y=-4 x+2$ ?
$\qquad$ 52. Given $f(x)=3 x$ and $g(x)=x-4$, Determine $f(x)-g(x)$.
$\qquad$ 53. Solve the following system by matrices (but not with the calculator). You must show all work.

$$
\left\{\begin{array}{c}
4 x-3 y=14 \\
3 x+y=4
\end{array}\right.
$$

$\qquad$ 54. Determine the inverse matrix of: $\left[\begin{array}{cc}6 & 5 \\ -4 & -3\end{array}\right]$
$\qquad$ 55. Add the following: $\left(3 w^{3}-w^{2}+4-w\right)+\left(4 w^{2}-2 w^{3}+4 w+7\right)$
$\qquad$ 56. Multiply the following: $\left(3 a^{2}+2 a-1\right)(a-7)$
$\qquad$ 57. Write a function of the form $g(x)=(x-h)^{2}+k$ whose graph represents a translation of the graph of $f(x)=x^{2}$ three units to the left and five units down.
$\qquad$ 58. Solve by factoring: $3 x^{2}-18 x+27=0$
$\qquad$ 59. Write a quadratic equation that has the solutions $x=-2$ and $x=6$.
$\qquad$ 60. Solve the equation $x^{2}+4 x+2=7$ by completing the square.

