# Virginia Standards of Learning Assessments 

Spring 2002 Released Test

## END OF COURSE ALGEBRA II

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## Algebra II

## DIRECTIONS

Read and solve each question. Then mark the space on the answer sheet for the best answer.

## SAMPLE

What is the next term in the arithmetic sequence $2,5,8,11, \ldots$ ?

A 3
B 13
C 14
D 17

1 What is the sum of the polynomials $\left(4 q^{4}+3 q^{2}+8 q\right)$ and $\left(5 q^{3}-2 q^{2}-q\right) ?$

A $\quad q^{4}+q^{2}+7 q$
B $4 q^{4}+5 q^{3}+q^{2}+7 q$
C $4 q^{4}+q^{2}+7 q$
D $15 q^{7}+2 q^{6}$

2 Which of the following equations is an example of the commutative property?

F $2 x^{2}+4 x=4 x+2 x^{2}$

G $\left(2 x^{2}+4 x\right)+6=2 x^{2}+(4 x+6)$

H $3\left(2 x^{2}+4 x\right)=6 x^{2}+12 x$
J $\left(2 x^{2}+4 x\right)\left(\frac{1}{2 x^{2}+4 x}\right)=1$

3 For which of the following operations is the commutative property not valid?

A Multiplication of real numbers
B Multiplication of complex numbers
C Multiplication of matrices
D Multiplication of negative real numbers

4
Which is equivalent to $\frac{\frac{x}{x+7}}{\frac{x-9}{x+7}}$ ?

F $\quad-9$

G $\frac{x^{2}-9 x}{(x+7)^{2}}$
H $\frac{x}{x-9}$
J $\frac{-1}{9}$

5 Which expression is equivalent to $\sqrt[3]{a^{2}}$ ?
A $a^{\frac{3}{2}}$
B $a^{\frac{2}{3}}$
C $a^{\frac{1}{6}}$
D $a^{6}$

6 Which is equivalent to $\sqrt[3]{8 x^{6}}$ ?
F 2
G $2 x$
H $2 x^{2}$
J $2 x^{3}$

7 Which is a factored form of $8 x^{3}+1$ ?
A $(2 x-1)\left(4 x^{2}-2 x+1\right)$
B $(2 x-1)\left(4 x^{2}+2 x-1\right)$
C $(2 x+1)\left(4 x^{2}-2 x+1\right)$
D $(2 x+1)\left(4 x^{2}+2 x-1\right)$

8 Which is a factor of $16 x^{2}-1$ ?
F $(x-1)$
G $(4 x+1)$
H $(8 x-1)$
J $4 x$

9 Which is equivalent to $(4-3 i)^{2}$ ?
A 25
B $25-2 i$
C 7
D $7-24 i$

What number does $i^{4}$ equal?
F $i$
G -1
H $-i$
J 1

11 Which best represents the graph of $y=x^{2}-2 x+3 ?$

A


B


C


D



Which most likely represents the equation of the graph above?

F $y=\sqrt{4-x}$

G $y=-\sqrt{4-x}$

H $y=-\sqrt{4+x}$

J $y=\sqrt{4+x}$

13 The graph below is an example of which type of function?


A Absolute value
B Exponential
C Linear
D Quadratic

14 If $f(x)=5 x^{2}-7$, what is $f(-3)$ ?
F $\quad-52$
G $\quad-22$
H 38
J 45

15 Which value is not a zero of $P(x)=x^{3}+3 x^{2}-x-3 ?$

A 1
B -1
C 3
D -3

16 Which graph could represent a polynomial function with no real zeros?

F


G


H


J


17 The amount of interest ( $I$ ) owed on a loan varies directly with the length of time ( $t$ ) of the loan. If $k$ is the constant of proportionality, which formula represents this relationship?

A $I=k t$

B $\quad I=\frac{k}{t}$

C $t=k I$

D $t=\frac{k^{2}}{I}$

18 Boyle's Law states that, for a fixed amount of gas, the volume of the gas at a constant temperature is inversely proportional to the pressure. If a certain gas occupies 9.84 liters at a pressure of 50 centimeters of mercury $(\mathrm{cm} \mathrm{Hg})$, what is the approximate pressure when the volume is increased to 12 liters?

F 39.8 cm Hg
G 41.0 cm Hg
H 43.2 cm Hg
J 45.1 cm Hg

19 Which of the following sets represents an arithmetic sequence?

A $\{2,11,20,29,38, \cdots\}$
B $\{1,3,9,27,81, \cdots\}$
C $\{3,-5,7,-9,11, \cdots\}$
D $\{1,16,36,64,100, \cdots\}$

20 If $a_{n}=6+(n-1) 5$, then $a_{7}=$
F 31
G 36
H 40
J 42

## 21 Given:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& f(x)=\sqrt{x^{2}-1} \\
& g(x)=x^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

Which of the following expressions represents $g(f(x))$ ?

A $x^{2} \sqrt{x^{2}-1}$

B $x$

C $\sqrt{x^{4}-1}$

D $x^{2}-1$

22 Which of the following represents the solution to $|\boldsymbol{x}|=7$ ?

F $\quad x=7$
G $\quad x=0$
H $\quad x=-7$
J $\quad x=-7$ or $x=7$

23 What is the solution to $\sqrt{x+16}=3 \sqrt{x}$ ?
A $x=\frac{1}{2}$
B $x=\frac{8}{5}$

C $x=2$

D $x=8$

24


Which inequality describes the solution set graphed above?

F $|x-3|>1$
G $|2 x-5|<3$
H $|4 x-9| \geq 2$
J $|5 x-13| \leq 5$

25 What are the solutions to $y^{2}-4 y+4=36 ?$

A $y=-4$ or $y=8$
B $y=4$ or $y=8 i$
C $y= \pm 4$
D $y= \pm 4 i$

26 What is the solution set for $(x+1)^{2}-9=0$ ?

F $\{-4,2\}$
G $\{-3,-1\}$
H $\{2,4\}$
J $\{-1,3\}$

27 Which quadratic equation has solutions $x=\frac{1}{2}$ and $x=\frac{2}{3}$ ?

A $6 x^{2}-7 x-2=0$
B $6 x^{2}+7 x+2=0$
C $6 x^{2}+7 x-2=0$
D $6 x^{2}-7 x+2=0$

28 What is the solution set for $5 x^{2}+4 x=1 ?$

F $\left\{-1, \frac{-1}{5}\right\}$
G $\left\{-1, \frac{1}{5}\right\}$
$\mathbf{H}\left\{\frac{-1}{5}, 1\right\}$
J $\left\{\frac{1}{5}, 1\right\}$

29 What is the solution set for $\sqrt{x-4}=5$ ?
A $\{21\}$
B $\{25\}$
C $\{29\}$
D $\{33\}$
$\qquad$

30 What value of $q$ is the solution to the equation $\frac{7 q-9}{6}=\frac{6 q+2}{4}$ ?

F $q={ }^{-} \frac{11}{8}$
G $\quad q=-6$
H $\quad q=\frac{31}{9}$
J $q=48$

31 What is the solution to $|2 x-3|<4$ ?
A $\quad-\frac{1}{2}<x<\frac{7}{2}$
B $\quad-\frac{7}{2}<x<\frac{7}{2}$
C $\quad x>-\frac{1}{2}$ or $x<\frac{7}{2}$
D $\quad x=\frac{-1}{2}$ or $x=\frac{7}{2}$

32


The polynomial function shown apparently has zeros at -

F - 1 and 2
G -1, 0.7, and 3
H $\quad$-2
J $1,-0.7$, and ${ }^{-3}$

33 Which of the following functions has $x$-intercepts at -2 and 1?

A $y=x^{2}-x-2$
B $y=x^{2}+x-2$
C $y=x^{2}-2 x+1$
D $y=2 x-1$
$34 f(x)=x^{3}+4 x^{2}+x-6$ is graphed below.


Which is the factored form of $f(x)$ ?
F $f(x)=(x-3)(x-2)(x+1)$
G $f(x)=x(2 x+5)(x-1)$
H $f(x)=x(x+3)(x+2)$
J $f(x)=(x-1)(x+2)(x+3)$


Which equation is most likely represented by the ellipse shown?

A $\frac{x}{16}+\frac{y}{4}=1$

B $\frac{x^{2}}{4}+\frac{y^{2}}{2}=1$
C $\frac{x^{2}}{4}+\frac{y^{2}}{16}=1$

D $\frac{x^{2}}{16}+\frac{y^{2}}{4}=1$

36 When graphed, which of the following equations would produce a parabola?

F $(y-2)(x-4)=\frac{1}{4}$
G $(y-4)=\frac{1}{4}(x-2)^{2}$
H $\quad(y-4)=\frac{1}{4}(x-2)$
J $(y-4)^{2}=\frac{1}{4}(x-2)^{2}$

37 Which graph best represents $(x-2)^{2}+(y-3)^{2}=4 ?$

A


B


C


D

$38 \quad A=\left[\begin{array}{rrr}0 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 0 & 4 \\ 1 & -2 & -3\end{array}\right]$

$$
B=\left[\begin{array}{rrr}
1 & -2 & 1 \\
2 & 0 & 3 \\
-3 & 2 & -1
\end{array}\right]
$$

Which matrix is the product of $B \cdot A$ ?
F $\left[\begin{array}{rrr}1 & 0 & 0 \\ 5 & 0 & 7 \\ -2 & 0 & -4\end{array}\right]$
$\mathbf{G}\left[\begin{array}{rrr}-5 & 0 & -12 \\ 3 & -2 & -11 \\ 5 & -4 & 14\end{array}\right]$
$\mathbf{H}\left[\begin{array}{rrr}0 & -4 & -1 \\ 6 & 0 & 12 \\ -3 & -4 & 3\end{array}\right]$
J $\left[\begin{array}{rrr}7 & -2 & 7 \\ -9 & 2 & -1 \\ 6 & -8 & -2\end{array}\right]$

39 Which matrix is the multiplicative inverse of $\left[\begin{array}{rr}7 & 16 \\ 4 & 9\end{array}\right]$ ?
A $\left[\begin{array}{cc}-9 & 4 \\ 4 & 7\end{array}\right]$
B $\left[\begin{array}{rr}-9 & 16 \\ 4 & -7\end{array}\right]$
C $\left[\begin{array}{rr}9 & 16 \\ 4 & 7\end{array}\right]$
D $\left[\begin{array}{rr}-9 & 16 \\ 4 & 7\end{array}\right]$
$40\left\{\begin{aligned}-x+2 y-5 z & =-12 \\ 2 x-3 y+7 z & =19 \\ -5 x-2 y+z & =-10\end{aligned}\right.$
Given the system of equations above, $\left[\begin{array}{l}x \\ y \\ z\end{array}\right]=$ ?

F $\left[\begin{array}{r}3 \\ -2 \\ 1\end{array}\right]$
G $\left[\begin{array}{r}-12 \\ 19 \\ 10\end{array}\right]$
$\mathbf{H}\left[\begin{array}{rrr}1.1 & 0.8 & -0.1 \\ -3.7 & -2.6 & -0.3 \\ -1.9 & -1.2 & -0.1\end{array}\right]$
$\boldsymbol{J}\left[\begin{array}{r}0 \\ -11 \\ 32\end{array}\right]$
$41\left\{\begin{array}{l}9 x-5 y=12 \\ 8 x+3 y=22\end{array}\right.$
Which matrix equation represents the given system of linear equations?
$\mathbf{A}\left[\begin{array}{cc}9 & 8 \\ -5 & 3\end{array}\right]\left[\begin{array}{l}x \\ y\end{array}\right]=\left[\begin{array}{l}12 \\ 22\end{array}\right]$
B $\left[\begin{array}{rr}9 & 8 \\ -5 & 3\end{array}\right]\left[\begin{array}{ll}x & y]\end{array}\right]=\left[\begin{array}{l}12 \\ 22\end{array}\right]$
C $\left[\begin{array}{rr}9 & -5 \\ 8 & 3\end{array}\right]\left[\begin{array}{ll}x & y\end{array}\right]=\left[\begin{array}{l}12 \\ 22\end{array}\right]$

D $\left[\begin{array}{rr}9 & -5 \\ 8 & 3\end{array}\right]\left[\begin{array}{l}x \\ y\end{array}\right]=\left[\begin{array}{l}12 \\ 22\end{array}\right]$

42


The graph of the linear programming model consists of polygon $A B C D$ and its interior. Under these constraints, which is the point where the maximum value of $4 x+3 y$ occurs?

F $A$
G $B$
H $C$
J $D$


Which set of constraints produced the shaded feasible region?

A $\left\{\begin{array}{l}y \geq 6-x \\ x \geq 1 \\ y \geq-2\end{array}\right.$
B $\left\{\begin{array}{l}x+y \leq 6 \\ x \geq-2 \\ y \geq 1\end{array}\right.$
C $\left\{\begin{array}{l}x \geq 6-y \\ x \geq 1 \\ y \leq 2\end{array}\right.$
D $\left\{\begin{array}{l}x+y \leq 8 \\ x-y \leq 6 \\ x \geq-2 \\ y \geq 1\end{array}\right.$

44


This is a portion of the graph of a system of equations. Which is most likely the solution set for the system?

F $\quad\{(-2.1,-3.4),(2,3)\}$
G $\{(-3,2),(-2.1,3.4)\}$
H $\{(-2,-3),(3,2)\}$
J $\{(2.1,-3.4),(3,2)\}$

45

$$
\left\{\begin{array}{l}
y=x+1 \\
y=(x+3)^{2}-4
\end{array}\right.
$$

Which is the solution set for the system of equations above?

A $\{(-6.4,7.4),(-0.6,1.6)\}$
B $\{(-4,-3),(-2,-3)\}$
C $\{(-4,-3),(-1,0)\}$
D $\{(0.6,1.6),(6.4,7.4)\}$

46 Which of the following scatterplots shows a negative correlation?


G

H

J


47 The Social Security (FICA) wage base, $y$, (in thousands of dollars) from 1983 to 1988 is given by the equation $y=1.9 x+34.1$, where $x$ is the number of years since 1983. What was the FICA wage base in 1995 ?

A $\$ 53,100$
B $\$ 48,200$
C $\$ 56,900$
D $\$ 58,800$

48 A clothing manufacturer is funding a study to determine the amount spent annually on clothes, given a family's income. This table contains data tracking the clothing purchases for seven families.

| Annual Income | Annual Clothes <br> Expenditure |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 25,100$ | $\$ 3,800$ |
| 29,600 | 4,200 |
| 34,400 | 5,000 |
| 28,700 | 3,900 |
| 34,600 | 4,700 |
| 31,500 | 4,500 |
| 27,700 | 4,200 |

Assuming a linear relationship, approximately how much would you expect a family with an annual income of $\$ 33,000$ to spend on clothes?
$\begin{array}{cc}\text { F } & 4,400 \\ \text { G } & 4,600 \\ \text { H } & 4,800 \\ \text { J } & 5,000\end{array}$

49 Consider this scatter plot.


Which equation represents the line closest to the curve of best fit?

A $y=\frac{1}{2} x+3$
B $y={ }^{-} \frac{1}{2} x+1$
C $y={ }^{-} \frac{1}{3} x+3$

D $y=x$

50


Which is closest to the value of the slope of the line of best fit of the data in this scatterplot?

F $\quad-3$

G -1
H $-\frac{1}{3}$

J 1

Answer Key

| Test Sequence | Correct Answer | Reporting Category | Reporting Category Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | B | 001 | Expressions and Operations |
| 2 | F | 001 | Expressions and Operations |
| 3 | C | 001 | Expressions and Operations |
| 4 | H | 001 | Expressions and Operations |
| 5 | B | 001 | Expressions and Operations |
| 6 | H | 001 | Expressions and Operations |
| 7 | C | 001 | Expressions and Operations |
| 8 | G | 001 | Expressions and Operations |
| 9 | D | 001 | Expressions and Operations |
| 10 | J | 001 | Expressions and Operations |
| 11 | A | 002 | Relations and Functions |
| 12 | G | 002 | Relations and Functions |
| 13 | A | 002 | Relations and Functions |
| 14 | H | 002 | Relations and Functions |
| 15 | C | 002 | Relations and Functions |
| 16 | G | 002 | Relations and Functions |
| 17 | A | 002 | Relations and Functions |
| 18 | G | 002 | Relations and Functions |
| 19 | A | 002 | Relations and Functions |
| 20 | G | 002 | Relations and Functions |
| 21 | D | 002 | Relations and Functions |
| 22 | J | 003 | Equations and Inequalities |
| 23 | C | 003 | Equations and Inequalities |
| 24 | H | 003 | Equations and Inequalities |
| 25 | A | 003 | Equations and Inequalities |
| 26 | F | 003 | Equations and Inequalities |
| 27 | D | 003 | Equations and Inequalities |
| 28 | G | 003 | Equations and Inequalities |
| 29 | C | 003 | Equations and Inequalities |
| 30 | G | 003 | Equations and Inequalities |
| 31 | A | 003 | Equations and Inequalities |
| 32 | G | 004 | Analytical Geometry |
| 33 | B | 004 | Analytical Geometry |
| 34 | J | 004 | Analytical Geometry |
| 35 | D | 004 | Analytical Geometry |
| 36 | G | 004 | Analytical Geometry |
| 37 | B | 004 | Analytical Geometry |
| 38 | G | 005 | Systems of Equations/Inequalities |
| 39 | B | 005 | Systems of Equations/Inequalities |
| 40 | F | 005 | Systems of Equations/Inequalities |
| 41 | D | 005 | Systems of Equations/Inequalities |
| 42 | G | 005 | Systems of Equations/Inequalities |
| 43 | B | 005 | Systems of Equations/Inequalities |
| 44 | H | 005 | Systems of Equations/Inequalities |
| 45 | C | 005 | Systems of Equations/Inequalities |
| 46 | H | 006 | Statistical Analysis |
| 47 | C | 006 | Statistical Analysis |
| 48 | G | 006 | Statistical Analysis |
| 49 | C | 006 | Statistical Analysis |
| 50 | G | 006 | Statistical Analysis |

