Do not write on this paper (except for you name). Show all work, including your answers, on your own paper. Leave answers in simplest radical form or fractions – not decimal approximations!

- 1. Complete the square for the following: $x^2 + 18x$
- 2. Complete the square for the following: $y^2 5y$
- 3. Solve the equation $x^2 + 4x + 2 = 7$ by completing the square.
- 4. Write a function of the form $g(x) = (x h)^2 + k$ whose graph represents a translation of the graph of $f(x) = x^2$ three units to the left and five units down.
- 5. Determine the vertex and axis of symmetry for the parabola $f(x) = x^2 4x + 5$.
- 6. Use the quadratic formula to solve the equation $2x^2 5x + 1 = 0$.
- 7. Use the quadratic formula to solve the equation $x^2 + 3x + 2 = 10$.
- 8. Use the discriminant to determine the number of solutions and the nature of the solutions of the equation: $-3x^2 2x + 5 = 0$.
- 9. Use the discriminant to determine the number of solutions and the nature of the solutions of the equation: $x^2 + 1 = 0$.
- 10. Determine the sum and product of the solutions to the equation $-x^2 + 3x 10 = 0$.
- 11. Write a quadratic equation that has the solutions x = -5 and x = 4.
- 12. Choose one of the following equations to solve:
 - (A) $x^4 5x^2 + 6 = 0$
 - (B) $(x-3)^2 + (x-3) 2 = 0$
- 13. Solve by factoring: $2x^2 + 5x 3 = 0$.
- 14. Solve by factoring: $x^3 + 2x^2 = 15x$.
- 15. Use a system of equations to determine the equation of the quadratic function that passes through the points (0, 4), (1, 0), and (2, -10).